DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING INTERNAL GENDER-INCLUSIVE HR AND INSTITUTIONAL POLICIES THAT CREATE EOUITABLE WORKPLACES

Celebrating South African Women's Month Gender-Inclusive Policies: A Guide for Ombudsman Offices – 26 May 2025

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HISTORY





INTRODUCTION

- 1) Case analysis
- 2) Burning questions
- What are the current changes pending remedial legislation
- What are the requirements to be fulfilled
- The best interests of the child
- What of the business objectives
- International standards



WHAT ARE THE CURRENT CHANGES PENDING REMEDIAL LEGISLATION

 An employee is entitled to atleast four consecutive months' maternity leave.

- 'An employee who is a single parent is entitled, and employees, who are a pair of parents, are collectively entitled, to at least four months' consecutive months' parental leave, which, in the case of a pair of parents, be taken in accordance with their election, as follows:
- (a) One or other parent shall take the whole of the period, or (b) Each parent shall take turns at taking the leave.
- (c) Both employers must be notified prior to the date of birth in writing of the election and if a shared arrangement is chosen, the period or periods to be taken by each of the parents must be stipulated'.



CONT

 An employee may commence may commence maternity leave-

- In section 25(2) the word 'employee' shall be substituted with the word 'pregnant mother'
- In section 25, wherever the word 'maternity' appears it shall, where the context requires, be read as 'parental'.
- Section 25A (1) is deleted and substituted with: 'An employee who is a parent of a child is entitled to the leave stipulated in section 25(1)'



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- Section 25A (2)(a) is amplified by the addition after the word 'born' subject to the provisions of section 25(2)'
- Section 25B(1)(b) is deleted and substituted with: 'the leave stipulated in section 25(1)'.
- Section 25B is deleted and substituted with: 'if an adoption order is made in respect of two adoptive parents, they each shall be entitled to leave as stipulated in section 25(1).



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- In Section 25C (1) the provisions are deleted and substituted with: 'An employee who is a commissioning parent in a surrogate motherhood agreement is entitled to leave as stipulated in section 25(1).'
- Section 25C (6) is deleted and substituted with: Where there are two commissioning parents, they shall each be entitled to leave as stipulated in section 25(1).



UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT 63 OF 2001

• The provisions of sections 25 (7), 25A (5) and 25B (5) and 25C (5) and the corresponding provisions in the I-JIF Act, sections 24, 26A, 27, 29A, shall be read to be consistent with changes effected by this order and, accordingly, each parent who is a contributor, as defined in the I-JIF Act, shall be entitled to the benefits as prescribed therein.



UNANSWERED QUESTIONS

- How will these shared parental leave agreements be structured and monitored by the employer?
- What will the impact of such leave be on businesses?
- How many fathers will make use of this opportunity?
- What impact will shared leave have on the early infancy of the child?



CONCLUSION

The 2025 Father



